



ACROSS

- 3 ____ is a mode of locomotion in which an animal is adapted for spending large amounts of time moving or living in trees.
- 5 The “Taung Child,” the first specimen to be named *A. africanus*, was discovered in South Africa by ____ in 1922.
- 6 Also known as “Lucy”, *Australopithecus* ____ was discovered in 1974 by D. Johanson, Y. Coppens and T. White in the Afar Depression in Ethiopia.
- 7 *Australopithecines* retain ____ brains, even though they have postcranial adaptations for moving on the ground bipedally.
- 8 The genus name ____ can also be used to refer to certain species of *australopithecines*.
- 10 ____, as exhibited by *A. aethiopicus*, is forward project of the face below the nose.
- 11 The first genus group of hominid species known to have evolved bipedal locomotion.
- 12 *A. robustus* and *A. boisei* are commonly referred to as the ____ *australopithecines*.
- 13 Locomoting (walking, jogging, running, etc) on two legs.



DOWN

- 1 ____ change may have been a catalyst for the initial evolution of bipedalism.
- 2 *A. afarensis* is believed to have produced the famous _____, a series of paleosurface tracks in Northern Tanzania.
- 4 The oldest *australopithecine* species for which bipedal locomotion is definitively known is *Australopithecus* _____.
- 9 The oldest, most morphologically primitive hominid species currently known is *Australopithecus* _____.